## AP Physics 1 Review Questions

## Integrating Content, Inquiry and Reasoning

1. The resistance through one branch of a circuit is measured to be $15.0 \Omega$. A resistor is added the branch. The resistance is now measured to be $4.50 \Omega$.
a. Was the new resistor added in series or parallel to the branch? Explain how you made your determination.
b. What is the resistance value of the added resistor?
2. A circuit is constructed with a $12.0-\mathrm{V}$ battery and three resistors, $\mathrm{R}_{1}, \mathrm{R}_{2}$, and $\mathrm{R}_{3}$. The resistors are connected in series. The resistance values of $R_{1}$ and $R_{2}$ are the same. The current entering $R_{3}$ is 158 mA , and $R_{3}$ has a resistance of $50.0 \Omega$. a. Calculate the resistance of $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ and $\mathrm{R}_{2}$.
b. Calculate the change in potential across the three resistors individually.
3. The circuit below is constructed using a voltage source of 110 V and five resistors of equal resistance, $R$. The current entering $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ is 2.01 A .
$a$. Determine the value of $R$.
b. Calculate the change in potential $(\Delta \mathrm{V})$ across $\mathrm{R}_{1}$.

